

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

1. Identification			
Product identifier	Gunk Carburetor Parts Clean	er	
Other means of identification			
SDS number	ССЗК		
Part No.	ССЗК		
Tariff code	3814.00.5090		
Recommended use	Parts Cleaner		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Company name	RSC Chemical Solutions		
Address	600 Radiator Road		
	Indian Trail, NC 28079 United States		
Telephone	Customer Service:	(704) 821-764	43
i ciopitette	Technical:	(704) 684-18	
Website	www.rscbrands.com		
E-mail	Not available.		
Emergency phone number	Emergency Telephone:	(303) 623-571	
	Emergency Contact:	RMPDC (877-	-740-5015)
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids		Category 4
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral		Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation		Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation		Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritati	on	Category 2A
	Sensitization, respiratory		Category 1
	Sensitization, skin		Category 1
	Germ cell mutagenicity		Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity		Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, si	ngle exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, si	ngle exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, re exposure	epeated	Category 2
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environ hazard	onment, acute	Category 3
	Hazardous to the aquatic enviro	onment,	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
		2	
		/	
Signal word	Danger		

Hazard statement	Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	29.45% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 23.87% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 44.15% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 42.47% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Petroleum naphtha		64742-94-5	30 - < 40
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	20 - < 30
Tert-butylbenzene		98-06-6	5 - < 10
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		526-73-8	1 - < 3
1,4-diethylbenzene		105-05-5	1 - < 3
NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3	1 - < 3
Triéthanolamine		102-71-6	1 - < 3
DIETHANOLAMINE		111-42-2	< 1
Diethylbenzene		25340-17-4	< 1
Other components below reportable lev	els		30 - < 40

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Combustible liquid.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for	Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial bygiene practices

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре		Va	alue	
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL			0 mg/m3	
				ppm	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL			mg/m3	
Petroleum naphtha (CAS	PEL			ppm 0 mg/m3	
64742-94-5)			10	0 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Lir	nit Values				
Components	Туре	•	Va	alue	Form
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	TWA		25	ppm	
(CAS 526-73-8)					
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA		20	ppm	
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA		1 :	mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
NAPHTHÁLENE (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA		10	ppm	·
Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	TWA		20	0 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)	TWA		5 ו	mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	e to Chemical Hazards				
Components	Туре	•	Va	alue	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)	TWA			5 mg/m3	
				ppm	
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA			mg/m3	
	T) A / A		-	opm	
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA		15	mg/m3	
			3	opm	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	STEI	-	75	mg/m3	
01 20 0)			15	ppm	
	TWA		50	mg/m3	
			10	ppm	
US. Workplace Environm		-		_	
Components	Туре	•	Va	alue	
1,4-diethylbenzene (CAS 105-05-5)	TWA		5	opm	
Diethylbenzene (CAS 25340-17-4)	TWA		5	opm	
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposi	ure Indices				
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling T	ime
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*	
* - For sampling details, ple	ease see the source doc				
osure guidelines					
US - California OELs: Ski	n designation				
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS	-	Can be			

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS US - Minnesota Haz Subs: S		Can be absorbed through the skin.
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 11 US - Tennessee OELs: Skin		Skin designation applies.
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 11 US ACGIH Threshold Limit V	,	Can be absorbed through the skin.
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91 Petroleum naphtha (CAS	-20-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. nation
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 11 US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits f	1-76-2) or Air Contaminants (29 CFR [·]	Can be absorbed through the skin. 1910.1000)
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 11	•	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	should be matched to condition or other engineering controls to exposure limits have not been	ally 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates ns. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, o maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. dequate. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be roduct.
Individual protection measures,		
Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organ	ic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical res supplier.	istant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove
Other	Wear appropriate chemical res	istant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organ	ic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal prote	ective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	hygiene measures, such as was smoking. Routinely wash work	ep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal ashing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or a clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. would not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear. Liquid.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Pale yellow
Odor	Aromatic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-102.64 °F (-74.8 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	335.12 °F (168.4 °C) estimated
Flash point	143.0 °F (61.7 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.7 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	5 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	0.36 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.

Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	460.4 °F (238 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	7.70 lbs/gal estimated
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Combustible IIIA estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	43 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.92 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	41 % w/w

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

	expectate		
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause aller or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.		
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May caus	e an allergic skin reaction.	
	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absor prolonged. These effects have	bed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and not been observed in humans.	
	Prolonged or repeated exposure been observed in humans.	e may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.	Harmful if swallowed.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.		
Information on toxicological ef	fects		
Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.		
Components	Species	Test Results	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526	6-73-8)		
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526 <u>Acute</u>	9-73-8)		
	5-73-8)		

Species	Test Results	
)		
	400 //	
Rabbit	400 mg/kg	
	700	
	700 ppm, 7 Hours	
Rat	450 ppm, 4 Hours	
	1.2 g/kg	
	1.2 g/kg	
	0.32 g/kg	
Rat	560 mg/kg	
2-2)		
Rabbit	11.9 ml/kg	
	710 mg/kg	
	0 #	
	> 2 g/kg	
Rat	> 20 g/kg	
	1200 mg/kg	
	490 mg/kg	
-94-5)		
Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Det		
	> 25 ml/kg	
)		
Pabbit	> 20000 mg/kg	
Nabbit	> 20000 mg/kg	
Guinea nig	5300 mg/kg	
Rai	8 g/kg	
be based on additional component data not	shown.	
Causes skin irritation.		
Causes serious eye irritation.		
on		
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms of	or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
May cause genetic defects.		
	Rabbit Mouse Rat Guinea pig Mouse Rabbit Rat 2-2) Rabbit Rat Guinea pig Rat -94-5) Rat Rat Guinea pig Rat -94-5) Rat Causea pig Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat Mause Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rat Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat -94-5) Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat Rat Rat Rat Rat Rat Rat Rat Rat Ra	

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity			
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 9	1-20-3)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.		001-1050)	
Not listed.			
US. National Toxicology Pro	ogram (NTP) Report on Carcin	ogens	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 9	1-20-3)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected t	o cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		
	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.		
	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.		
	Prolonged or repeated exposition been observed in humans.	ure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not	

12. Ecological information

otoxicity	Toxic to a	uatic life with long lasting effects.		
Components		Species	Test Results	
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS	111-76-2)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	1250 mg/l, 96 hours	
DIETHANOLAMINE (C	AS 111-42-2)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	61.8 - 86.04 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	100 mg/l, 96 hours	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS	91-20-3)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)	1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours	
Petroleum naphtha (CA	S 64742-94-5)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours	
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours	
Triéthanolamine (CAS	102-71-6)			
Aquatic	•			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	565.2 - 658.3 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	10610 - 13010 mg/l, 96 hours	

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradabilityNo data is available on the degradability of this product.Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-oct	anol / water (log Kow)
1,4-diethylbenzene	4.45
2-Butoxyethanol	0.83
DIETHANOLAMINE	-1.43
NAPHTHALENE	3.3
Tert-butylbenzene	4.11
Triéthanolamine	-1
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.
13. Disposal considerati	ions

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

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DO	Т	
	UN number	Not available.
	UN proper shipping name	Consumer commodity
	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	ORM-D
	Subsidiary risk	-
	Label(s)	None
	Packing group	Not applicable.
	Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
	Packaging exceptions	156, 306
	Packaging non bulk	156, 306
	Packaging bulk	None
ΙΑΤ	A	
	UN number	ID8000
	UN proper shipping name	Consumer commodity
	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	9
	Subsidiary risk	-
	Packing group	Not applicable.
	Environmental hazards	No.
	ERG Code	9L
	• •	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
	Other information	
	Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
	aircraft	
	Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IME	-	
	UN number	UN1223
	UN proper shipping name	KEROSENE SOLUTION (Petroleum naphtha)
	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	3
	Subsidiary risk	-
	Packing group	III

Environmental hazards Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Transport in bulk according to Not established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and



EmS

15. Regulatory information

15. Regulatory mormation	11		
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardou Standard, 29 CFR 1910.120		ned by the OSHA Hazard Communication
TSCA Section 12(b) Export	Notification (40 CFR 707, Su	ıbpt. D)	
Not regulated.			
CERCLA Hazardous Substa	ince List (40 CFR 302.4)		
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 11	11-76-2)	Listed.	
DIETHANOLAMINE (CA	S 111-42-2)	Listed.	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 9	,	Listed.	
SARA 304 Emergency relea	se notification		
Not regulated.			
OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1910	.1001-1050)	
Not listed.			
Superfund Amendments and Re	authorization Act of 1986 (S	SARA)	
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No		
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	dous substance		
Not listed.			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No		
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)			
Chemical name		CAS number	% by wt.
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	20 - < 30
NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3	1 - < 3
DIETHANOLAMINE		111-42-2	< 1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

US state regulations

- US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.
- US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.
- (a))

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8) 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5) Tert-butylbenzene (CAS 98-06-6)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8) 1,4-diethylbenzene (CAS 105-05-5) 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Tert-butylbenzene (CAS 98-06-6) Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8) 1,4-diethylbenzene (CAS 105-05-5) 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) Diethylbenzene (CAS 25340-17-4) NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Petroleum naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5) Tert-butylbenzene (CAS 98-06-6) Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8) 1,4-diethylbenzene (CAS 105-05-5) 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Tert-butylbenzene (CAS 98-06-6) Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Listed: June 22, 2012
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed: April 19, 2002

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	05-01-2015
Revision date	06-19-2015
Version #	02
Disclaimer	The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
Revision Information	Product and Company Identification: Product Uses Hazard(s) identification: Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Physical and chemical properties: Color Transport information: General information